



Other Income; Form 1040 Line 21

If you did not get a W-2, see instructions.	14 Other gains or (losses). Attach Form 4797
	15a IRA distributions . 15a b Taxable amount 15b
	16a Pensions and annuities 16a b Taxable amount 16b
	17 Rental real estate, royalties, partnerships, S corporations, trusts, etc. Attach Schedule E 17
	18 Farm income or (loss). Attach Schedule F
	19 Unemployment compensation
	20a Social security benefits 20a b Taxable amount 20b
	21 Other income. List type and amount
	22 Combine the amounts in the far right column for lines / through 21. This is your total income ▶ 22
Adjusted Gross Income	23 Reserved
	24 Certain business expenses of reservists, performing artists, and
	fee-basis government officials. Attach Form 2106 or 2106-EZ 24
	25 Health equippe account deduction Attach Form 9990



About Other Income; Form 1040, Line 21

- Additional resources listed in L< "References" tab
- Review all tips and cautions in the lesson
- Read all examples and sample interviews
- We will review answers to each exercise



Objectives – Other Income; Form 1040, Line 21

Determine:

- Other types of income and how to report them
- Determine the requirements for the cancellation of debt on nonbusiness credit card debt when preparing tax returns
- Determine when canceled credit card debt is included in gross income on Form 1040
- How to properly report income earned from worldwide sources
- Who is eligible for the foreign earned income exclusion
- How to calculate the excludible amount using Form 2555, Foreign Earned Income, or Form 2555-EZ, Foreign Earned Income Exclusion
- Time Required: 1 hour



Topics





Other Income



Nonbusiness Credit Card Debt



- Worldwide Income
- Foreign Earned Income Exclusion
- Period of Stay
- Qualifying Income
- Reporting Other Income



Key Terms

Definitions are always available in the L< online Glossary.

- Blocked Income
- Bona Fide Residence Test
- Coverdell ESA
- Foreign Earned Income Exclusion
- Foreign Tax Credit
- Period of Stay
- Physical Presence Test
- Medicaid Waiver Payments
- Regular Place of Abode
- Tax Home
- Worldwide Income



Other Income

What are some examples?

- Prizes and awards
- Gambling winnings (including lotteries and raffles)
- Cash for Keys
- Jury duty pay
- Alaska Permanent Fund dividends

Income Quick Reference Guide



This list is a quick reference and volunteers should refer to Publication 17 for more information. Do not rely on this list alone. Some of the income items on this chart are out of scope for VITA/TCE. Refer taxpayers with out of scope income to a professional tax preparer. Confirm that all income received by the taxpayer has been discussed and shown on the return, if required.

> Military pension Notary fees

Table A – Examples of Taxable Income

(Examples of income to consider when determining whether a return must be filed or if a person meets the gross income test for qualifying relative)

Wages, salaries, bonuses, commissions
Alimony
Annutities
Awards
Back pay
Breach of contract
Business income/Self-employment income
Compensation for personal services
Debts forgiven¹

Director's fees Disability benefits (employer-funded)

Discounts
Dividends
Employee awards
Employee bonuses
Estate and trust income
Farm income
Fees

Gains from sale of property or securities Gambling winnings

Hobby income Interest Interest on life insurance dividends IRA distributions

IRA distributions Jury duty fees Military pay (not exempt from taxation) (Schedule K-1s, Taxpayer's share)
Pensions
Prizes
Punitive damage
Railroad retirement—Tier I (portion may be taxable)
Railroad retirement—Tier II
Recovery of prior year deduction² (medical, property taxes, etc.)
Refund of state taxes²
Rents (gross rent)

Partnership, Estate and S-Corporation income

Rewards Royalties Severance pay Self-employment Nonemployee compensation

Social security benefits - portion may be taxable -(See Income tab, Railroad Retirement, Civil Service, and Social Security Benefits) Supplemental unemployment benefits

Taxable scholarships and grants Tips and gratuities Unemployment compensation

Table B - Examples of Nontaxable Income

(Examples of income items to exclude when determining whether a return must be filed)

Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC)
Child support
Damages for physical injury (other than punitive)
Death payments

Dividends on life insurance Federal Employees' Compensation Act

Federal Employees' Compensation Act payments Federal Income tax refundii Payments to the beneficiary of a deceased employee Relocation payments Payments in lieu of worker's compensation Rental allowance of clergyman

Social security benefits - portion may not be



Other Income

See L< for details on these types of other income:

- Medicaid Waiver Payments
- Coverdell ESA
- Nonbusiness Credit Card Debt Cancellation
- Health Savings Account distributions



Worldwide Income



- For U.S. citizens and resident aliens, income earned outside the U.S. is subject to the same taxes and filing requirements as U.S. income.
- Amounts reported on a U.S. return must be converted to U.S. dollars.
 What exchange rate do you use?
 - Use the rate in effect when the income was received.
- The average annual exchange rate can be used if:
 - Foreign income was received evenly throughout the year, and
 - The foreign exchange rate was relatively stable during the year
- Monthly exchange rates can be used for foreign income earned evenly for one or more months, but not the whole year.

Amount of foreign currency

Exchange rate of foreign currency to one U.S. dollar

= Amount in U.S. dollars



Foreign Earned Income Exclusion



- Allows qualified taxpayers to voluntarily exclude foreign earnings from taxable income – amount is indexed to inflation, updated yearly
 - Does not apply to members of Armed Forces or U.S. government employees
 - Taxpayers cannot claim the earned income credit or foreign tax credit if using this exclusion
 - The term "foreign country" does not include U.S. territories or possessions – see Chapter 4 of <u>Pub 54</u> for details
 - Claimed using <u>Form 2555</u> or <u>Form 2555-EZ</u>





Foreign Earned Income Exclusion



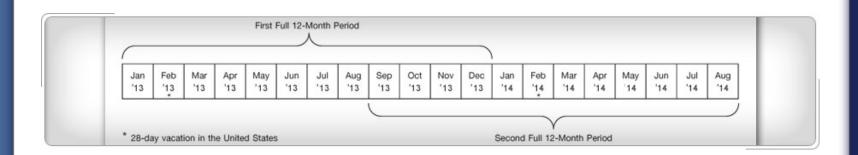
- To be eligible, the taxpayer must:
 - Demonstrate that his or her tax home is in a foreign country
 - Meet a period of stay requirement either the bona fide residence test or the physical presence test
 - Have income that qualifies as foreign earned income
- Married couples requirements must be met separately for each person
- Taxpayers whose "regular place of abode" is in the U.S. cannot be considered to have a foreign tax home and would not qualify for the exclusion see Pub 54 for details



Period of Stay



- What is required to meet the period of stay requirement?
 - Bona fide residence test taxpayer must have set up permanent quarters in a foreign country for an entire, uninterrupted tax year.
 - Physical presence test taxpayers must be physically present in a foreign country 330 full days in 12 consecutive months



Qualifying Income



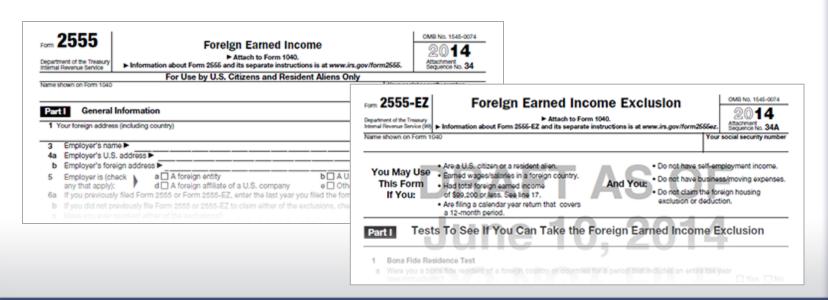
- Must be earned income for services (other than military or U.S. government) performed in a foreign country
 - Salaries
 - Wages
 - Commissions
 - Professional fees
 - Self-employment income
- What types of income would not qualify?
 - Dividends, interest, capital gains, alimony, social security benefits, pensions, annuities



Reporting on Form 2555 and 2555-EZ



- To use Form 2555-EZ, the taxpayer must:
 - Be a U.S. citizen or resident alien who has wages and salaries, but not self-employment income
 - Have a total foreign earned income below maximum allowed
 - Not claim any business or moving expenses
- Taxpayers who do not meet these conditions must use Form 2555

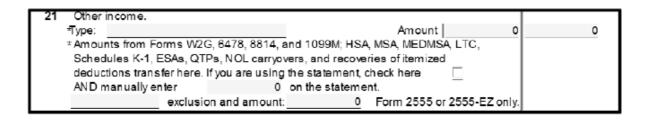




Reporting on Form 2555 and 2555-EZ



- Reporting on Form 2555 and 2555-EZ using TaxWise
 - Link to Form 2555 or Form 2555-EZ from line 21
 - The exclusion amount is calculated by TaxWise and entered as a negative number on Form 1040, line 21





Out of Scope for this Lesson:

Distributions from Educational Savings Accounts in which the:

- Funds were not used for qualified education expenses, or
- Distribution was more than the amount of the qualified expenses



Summary

- Line 21, Other Income, includes any taxable income for which there is not a specific line identified.
- U.S. citizens and resident aliens are taxed on worldwide income, and must file a U.S. tax return even if all the income is from foreign sources, and even if they paid (or will pay) taxes to another country.
- Amounts received in foreign currency must be converted to U.S. dollars for reporting on the return. Use the exchange rate prevailing when the taxpayer receives the pay.
- If the taxpayer is eligible to exclude some or all of foreign earned income, complete Forms 2555 or 2555-EZ. The excludible amount will be entered as a negative number on line 21.
- Optional specialty course on Health Savings Accounts is available.



Practice

- Select the practice exercise for Form 1040, line 21, based on your certification course of study.
- Complete the exercise

